

Name: _____

Precalculus score _____ Calculus score _____

Diagnostic Quiz on Precalculus and Calculus I computational skills

To do well in Calculus II, you need to have excellent precalculus and Calculus I skills. This diagnostic quiz will help you determine where your skills could use some extra practice. **Please give yourself only the time indicated. If you have difficulty with any subquestion, skip it and go on. We will provide a worksheet for each question so that you can practice as needed.**

Part 1: Precalculus - give yourself 10 minutes

- Find an equation for the line through the points $(3, 0)$ and $(0, 2)$.
- Graph the following functions, and give the coordinates of where they cross the axes.
 - $f(x) = \cos x, 0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$
 - $f(x) = \ln x$
 - $f(x) = e^{-x}$
- Graph the following curves. Indicate the coordinates of the vertex or center.
 - $y - 2 = (x - 1)^2$
 - $y^2 + x^2 - 2x = 0$
- Solve the following inequalities for x . Write your answers in the form $a < x < b$.
 - $\left| \frac{x - 3}{5} \right| < 1$
 - $\sqrt{\frac{1}{x}} > 10$
- Compute the limits.
 - $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2 + 2e^x}{x^3 + x + 1}$
 - $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2 + 2 \ln x}{x^3 + x + 1}$

Part 2: Calculus - give yourself 15 minutes

6. Complete this limit definition of the derivative: Given a function f , the derivative of f at a is given by

$$f'(a) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left(\quad \quad \quad \right)$$

7. Give the derivatives of the following functions.

a) $f(x) = \sec x$

b) $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$

c) $f(x) = 2^x$

8. Find the derivative of the following functions.

(a) $f(x) = [\sin(x + x^2) + x]^4$

(b) $f(x) = e^{-2x} \cos(3x)$

9. Compute the integrals.

a) $\int \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx$

b) $\int \sqrt{x} dx$

10. Compute the definite integrals. Simplify as much as possible.

(a) $\int_0^4 x \sin(x^2) dx.$

(b) $\int_0^3 \frac{x}{1+2x^2} dx.$